

## PLANNING & COMMUNITY ENVIRONMENT

250 Hamilton Avenue, 5th Amer Palo Alto, CA 94301 650 329 2441

September 14, 2018

Honorable Patricia Lucas Santa Clara County Superior Court 191 North First Street San Jose, CA 95113



Re:

Response to the Santa Clara County Civil Grand Jury Report "Affordable Housing Crisis Density

Is Our Destiny"

## Judge Lucas:

On June 21, 2018, the Civil Grand Jury of Santa Clara County released the Grand Jury Report entitled "Affordable Housing Crisis Density Is Our Enemy" ("Report") that makes 13 Findings and 12 Recommendations. The City is required by CA Government Code §§ 933(c) & 933.05(a) & (b) to respond to the Findings and Recommendations listed below.

Civil Grand Jury	Lack of bousing mean amplement
	Lack of housing near employment centers worsens traffic congestion in the
Finding 1a	County and increases the urgency to add such housing. Cities to respond are
	Campbell, Cupertino, Gilroy, Los Altos, Los Gatos, Milpitas, Mountain View, Palo
	Alto, San Jose, Santa Clara and Sunnyvale.
City of Palo Alto	Partially agree. Traffic congestion is influenced by many factors. The City has
Response	not conducted an analysis of County-wide employment centers let alone its
	effect on traffic congestion relative to the placement of housing or how those
	employment centers are served through transportation networks. The City
	supports reasonable objectives of reducing single occupancy trips and vehicle
	miles traveled and finds value in placing housing opportunities near
	employment centers.
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Civil Grand Jury	Mass transit stations (Caltrain, VTA, BART) create opportunities for BMR units.
Finding 1b	Cities to respond are Campbell, Gilroy, Milpitas, Morgan Hill, Mountain View,
	Palo Alto, San Jose, Santa Clara and Sunnyvale.
City of Palo Alto Response	Partially agree. Transit stations alone may not be a sufficient catalyst to create
	opportunities for BMR units. Zoning, property values, construction costs and
	other land use policies - combined with the intended purpose of the station
	require alignment to create housing opportunities generally, and BMR units
	specifically.
Civil Grand Jury	Density bonus programs are not being used aggressively enough to produce the
Finding 1c	needed BMR units within one-half mile of transit hubs. Cities to respond are
	Campbell, Gilroy, Milpitas, Morgan Hill, Mountain View, Palo Alto, San Jose,
	Santa Clara and Sunnyvale.
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City of Palo Alto	Partially agree. Density bonus programs are land use tools that offer developers
Response	a greater increase in housing density, floor area, or other development
	potential in exchange for providing a certain amount of affordable housing
	units on site. It is uncertain what is meant by aggressive implementation in this
	finding or whether such implementation strategy is the intent of State law.
	Other metrics to consider when evaluating the effectiveness of density bonus
	programs is to understand how many times it has been used when there were
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	qualifying housing projects and how many additional units did it yield. State law
	creates incentives whereby qualifying housing projects can receive parking
Ci. II Coo at I	reductions without providing and density bonus.
Civil Grand Jury	To improve jobs-to-housing imbalances, the cities of Palo Alto, Santa Clara,
Recommendation 1a	Milpitas, Mountain View and Sunnyvale should identify, by June 30, 2019,
	parcels where housing densities will be increased. The identification should
The state of the s	include when projects are expected to be permitted and the number of BMR
	units anticipated for each parcel.
City of Palo Alto	This recommendation has been implemented. The City of Palo Alto has an
Response	adopted Housing Element, which includes programs and policies for
	implementation. The City is on track for implementing the vast majority of
	these policies and programs, including and active policy analysis that raises the
	RM-15 zoning to RM-20 (from 15 units to an acre to 20 units) and establishes
	minimum unit densities on certain properties within all multi-family zones.
	Estimated completion is December 2018. Additionally, the City is exploring the
	possibility of raising the BMR requirement from 15% of the project to 20% and
Civil Coand Ivan	extending on-site BMR requirements to rental housing.
Civil Grand Jury	Cities should identify parcels within one-half mile of a transit hub that will help
Recommendation 1b	them meet their LI and moderate-income BMR objectives in the current RHNA
	cycle, by the end of 2019. Cities to respond are Campbell, Gilroy, Milpitas,
	Morgan Hill, Mountain View, Palo Alto, San Jose, Santa Clara and Sunnyvale.
City of Palo Alto	This recommendation has been implemented. The City of Palo Alto has an
Response	adopted Housing Element, which includes a list of properties identified and
	approved by the State as being suitable for redevelopment. When preparing
	the list of suitable sites, the City examined property within a one half mile radius
	of major transit stations and within a quarter mile radius of major bus routes.
	Identification of these properties was intended to address the regional housing
A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH	needs for all income levels in Palo Alto.
Civil Grand Jury	Cities should revise their density bonus ordinances to provide bonuses for LI
Recommendation 1c	and moderate-income BMR units that exceed the minimum bonuses required
	by State law for parcels within one-half mile of a transit hub, by the end of 2020.
·	Cities to respond are Campbell, Gilroy, Milpitas, Morgan Hill, Mountain View,
City of Palo Alto	Palo Alto, San Jose, Santa Clara and Sunnyvale.
City of Palo Alto	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted. The
Response	City has a density bonus ordinance that is compliant with State law. In Palo Alto,
	all housing projects that are subject to the local BMR program are also eligible
	for state density bonuses. While in time the City may revisit its density bonus
	program, given limited municipal resources, the City is focusing on other
	measures that it anticipates will better incentivize housing production.
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Civil Grand Jury	Employers in the County have created a vibrant economy resulting in an inflated
Finding 2a	housing market displacing many residents. Agencies to respond are all 15 cities
	and the County.
City of Palo Alto	
	Partially agree. There are many factors that are responsible for the strong
Response	economy in the County. Policy implementation at all levels of government
	support job development, which has resulted in strong jobs production.
47	Likewise, government (federal, state and local) policy and funding decisions
	have had an impact on housing production.
Civil Grand Jury	
	The County should form a task force with the cities to establish housing impact
Recommendation 2a	fees for employers to subsidize BMR housing, by June 30, 2019. Agencies to
	respond are all 15 cities and the County.
City of Palo Alto	The recommendation requires further analysis. If the County forms a task force,
Response	representatives from the City of Palo Alto could participate. However, there are
I said to the said to the	several other funding mechanisms that have been implemented and are being
	revised to provide more funds for effect-black and the peing
	revised to provide more funds for affordable housing throughout the region. In
	Palo Alto, the City has recently increased its development impact fees for BMR
	housing
Civil Grand Jury	Contributions to BMR housing from employers in the County are not mandated
Finding 2b	nor evenly shared. Agencies to respond are all 15 cities and the County.
City of Palo Alto	Agree. The City of Palo Alto does not require a direct contribution from
Response	omployers for PMD housing as such at the street of the str
Response	employers for BMR housing, as such obligations are levied on the developers of
	commercial space based on an analysis of the impacts the tenants/employers
	will create on the need for BMR housing.
Civil Grand Jury	Every city in the County should enact housing impact fees for employers to
Recommendation 2b	create a fund that subsidizes BMR housing, by June 30, 2020. Agencies to
	respond are the County and all 15 cities.
City of Palo Alto	
The state of the s	This recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted. The
Response	City of Palo Alto collects fees for commercial development to mitigate the
	impact of employment on the need for BMR housing.
Civil Grand Jury	RHNA sub-regions formed by several San Francisco Bay Area counties enable
Finding 3a	their cities to develop promising means to meet their collective BMR
	requirements. Such sub-regions can serve as instructive examples for cities in
	the County. Agencies to respond are all 15 cities.
City of Dala Alta	
City of Palo Alto	Partially agree. The City of Palo Alto has not evaluated the effectiveness of
Response	other Bay Area RHNA sub-regions in terms of meeting their respective BMR
	units. Palo Alto is willing to explore a RHNA sub-region and agrees it would be
	instructive to examine other Bay Area RHNA sub-regions.
Civil Grand Jury	Every city in the County should identify at least one potential RHNA sub-region
Recommendation 3a	they would be willing to help form and join, and report how the sub-region(s)
	will increase BMR housing, by the end of 2019. Agencies to respond are all 15
	cities.
City of Palo Alto	The recommendation requires further analysis. The City of Palo Alto cannot
Response	speak to the appropriateness of this recommendation for other cities.
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	For Palo Alto, the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the City Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the city Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the city Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the city Council will discuss its support for initial and a second of the city Council will be a second of the city Council will be a second of the city
	For Palo Alto, the City Council will discuss its support for joining a possible RHNA
	sub-region on September 10, 2018. The Santa Clara County Cities Association is
	a task force within the County that is presently exploring this possibility. Palo

· .	Alto and other communities will report back to the Cities Association, which is
*	anticipated to take the lead coordinating this effort with the State Housing and
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	Community Development department to implement a sub-region in time for
	the next housing element cycle.
Civil Grand Jury	Developers are less willing to consider BMR developments in cities with the
Finding 3b	County's highest real estate values because these developments cannot meet
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	their target return on investment. Cities to respond are Los Altos, Los Altos Hills,
	Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, Palo Alto and Saratoga.
City of Palo Alto	Partially agree. Palo Alto does not have any evidence to support this finding.
Response	While return on investment is a key factor for any developer, there may be
	other considerations that make housing development less attractive. While it
	appears to be softening, the demand for office space generated a higher return
1	rate, which is different than achieving a reasonable or target return rate for
	housing. Some housing developers may be willing to initially have a lower
	return rates in Palo Alto because the housing market has remained consistently
	strong and over the long term would achieve target returns.
	Other factors, including housing policy decisions may have as much influence
	or more in developer decisions to locate housing within a particular jurisdiction.
Civil Grand Jury	A RHNA sub-region should be formed including one or more low-cost cities with
Recommendation 3b	
Recommendation 5b	one or more high-cost cities, by the end of 2021. Agencies to respond are all 15
1	cities.
City of Palo Alto	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not reasonable.
Response	Palo Alto cannot accept a recommendation on another jurisdiction's behalf.
	Moreover, BMR housing should not be directed to low-cost cities as implied
	with this recommendation. Housing affordability are acute problems in high-
	cost cities and the City supports equitable distribution throughout the region.
Civil Grand Jury	More BMR units could be developed if cities with lower housing costs form
Finding 3c	RHNA subregions with adjacent cities with higher housing costs. Responding
	agencies are all 15 cities.
City of Dalo Alta	······································
City of Palo Alto	Partially agree. Palo Alto has not conducted an analysis of housing costs
Response	between different jurisdictions. Land value clearly influences the cost of
	development. However, unit rental rates and sale prices also influence return
	on investment, which is anticipated to be lower in low-cost cities.
Civil Grand Jury	High-cost cities and the County should provide compensation to low-cost cities
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Recommendation 3c	for increased public services required for taking on more BMR units in any high-
	rent/low-rent RHNA subregion, by the end of 2021. Agencies to respond are
	Campbell, Cupertino, Los Altos, Los Altos Hills, Los Gatos, Monte Sereno,
	Mountain View, Palo Alto, Santa Clara, Saratoga, Sunnyvale and the County.
City of Palo Alto	
· ·	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted or
Response	reasonable. This recommendation establishes a timeline for high-rent
	jurisdictions to compensate low-rent communities for increased public services
	related to housing units not built in reliance on a sub-regional housing plan that
	has not been adopted and whose support is unknown. Moreover, the
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ŀ	suggestion that low-rent communities should support a greater responsibility
	for meeting the regional housing needs is dubious. All jurisdictions share a

	responsibility for providing affordable housing opportunities within their boundaries. If a regional sub-region is formed and Palo Alto is a participant, it is willing to explore strategies that advance appropriate and reasonable housing
	goals.
Civil Grand Jury	High-cost/low-cost RHNA sub-regions could be attractive to high-cost cities
Finding 3e	because they could meet their BMR requirements without providing units in
:	their cities. Cities to respond are Campbell, Cupertino, Los Altos, Los Altos Hills,
*	Los Gatos, Monte Sereno, Mountain View, Palo Alto, Santa Clara, Saratoga and
	Sunnyvale.
City of Palo Alto	Partially agree. For reasons stated above, this approach may not be the best
Response	strategy for advancing equitable housing opportunities in the region. If a
7.000	regional sub-region is formed and Palo Alto is a participant, it is willing to
	explore strategies that advance equitable housing goals.
Civil Grand Jury	Uneven BMR achievements among cities is caused in part by varying
Finding 5a	inclusionary BMR unit percentage requirements. Agencies to respond are all 15
i mang sa	cities and the County.
City of Palo Alto	Partially agree. The City of Palo Alto has not examined other municipalities BMR
Response	production and is unable to affirm or reject the finding. There may also be other
	factors that influence BMR housing production.
Civil Grand Jury	Inclusionary BMR percentage requirements should be increased to at least 15%
Recommendation 5	in Gilroy, Los Altos, Los Gatos, Milpitas, Morgan Hill, Palo Alto and Sunnyvale,
	by the end of 2019.
City of Palo Alto	The recommendation has been implemented.
Response	
	Palo Alto is not able to suggest other cities adjust their BMR requirements. For
	its part, Palo Alto already requires a minimum of 15% for BMR units for projects
	with three or more residential ownership units. This requirement can range up
	to 25% when the new project converts or removes existing rental units.
	Additionally, Palo Alto is currently exploring the possibility of increasing this
	standard from 15% to 20% and applying it to rental housing projects.
Civil Grand Jury	In-lieu fees, when offered as an option, are too low to produce the needed
Finding 6	number of BMR units and delay their creation. Cities to respond are Campbell,
	Cupertino, Milpitas, Mountain View, Palo Alto, San Jose, Santa Clara and
	Sunnyvale.
City of Palo Alto	Partially agree. It may be that some municipalities would benefit from re-
Response	evaluating in lieu housing fees. The City of Palo Alto has recently conducted a
	study and held public hearings to ensure that in-lieu fees are appropriately set.
Civil Grand Jury	Cities with an in-lieu option should raise the fee to at least 30% higher than the
Recommendation 6	inclusionary BMR equivalent where supported by fee studies, by the end of
	2019. Cities to respond are Campbell, Cupertino, Milpitas, Mountain View, Palo
	Alto, San Jose, Santa Clara and Sunnyvale.
City of Palo Alto	This recommendation will not be implemented because it is not warranted. The
Response	City of Palo Alto's recently updated its inclusionary housing ordinance to clearly
	prioritize the production of affordable units over payment of fees. The City will
	accept in-lieu fees only if a developer can show that all higher priority options
	that would result in the immediate production of BMR units are infeasible.
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Civil Grand Jury	NIMBY (Not in My Backyard) opposition adversely affects the supply of BMR
Finding 7	housing units. Agencies to respond are all 15 cities and the County.
City of Palo Alto Response	Partially disagree. Opposition to development may constrain housing development generally and BMR housing units specifically. However, opposition to development may or may not be specifically related to BMR housing units. There may be other concerns related to traffic, neighborhood character, construction-related impacts or other issues that generate opposition to projects.
Civil Grand Jury Recommendation 7	A task force to communicate the value and importance of each city meeting its RHNA objectives for BMR housing should be created and funded by the County and all 15 cities, by June 30, 2019.
City of Palo Alto Response	The recommendation will not be implemented because it is unwarranted and vague. Through adoption of the City's Housing Element, the City engaged in a community dialogue about the importance of housing and identifying potential redevelopment sites to meet housing goal objectives. The City continued a community dialogue about housing with its recent Comprehensive Plan adoption. Through active implementation programs, the continues to support and is actively crafting ordinances to increase housing production. The City's local decision-makers, board and commission members are aware of the value and importance of housing generally and more specifically, the State mandated RHNA requirements. Forming a task force for the stated purpose stretches government resources, is unnecessary and can likely be handled by other governmental entities such as the County's Housing and Community Development Advisory Committee.
Civil Grand Jury Finding 8	It is unnecessarily difficult to confirm how many BMR units are constructed in a particular year or RHNA cycle because cities and the County only report permitted units. Agencies to respond are all 15 cities and the County.
City of Palo Alto Response	Partially agree. While there continues to be opportunities to improve access to information and enhance transparency, the City of Palo Alto annually reports the number of housing units generated each year to the State Housing and Community Development departments in compliance with mandated requirements.
Civil Grand Jury	All 15 cities and the County should annually publish the number of constructed
Recommendation 8	BMR units, starting in April 2019.
City of Palo Alto	The recommendation has not yet been implemented, but will be implemented
Response	in the future, no later than March 31, 2019.

Should you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at 650-329-2679 or <u>jonathan.lait@cityofpaloalto.org</u>.

Sincerely,

Interim Director